## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

Claim 1. (Original) A <u>pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula (I):</u>

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

Y is -C(O)-, -S(O)2-, or -C(NH)-;

Z is  $C_{1-4}$ alkylene, oxygen,  $-(CH_2)_mO_7$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_{m^7}$ ,  $-NR_7$ ,  $-(CH_2)_mNR_7$ ,  $-NR(CH_3)_{m^7}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_mS(O)_{27}$  or a bond;

m is 1, 2, 3, or 4;

R is C<sub>0.4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>0.4</sub>alkylaryl, or C<sub>0.4</sub>alkylhetoaryl;

one of  $R^1$  and  $R^{1'}$  is hydrogen and the other is are each independently; halogen, hydroxy, eyano,  $C_{0-i}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-i}$ alkoxy, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, ethenyl, or ethynyl:

 $R^2$  is  $C_{0.4}$ alkyl,  $COOR^6$ ,  $COR^6$ ,  $C_{1.4}$ alkoxy $C_{1.4}$ alkyl-, hydroxy $C_{1.4}$ alkyl, cycloalkyl $C_{0.4}$ alkyl-, aryl $C_{0.4}$ alkyl-, <u>or</u> hetaryl $C_{0.4}$ alkyl-, wherein any of the aryl or hetaryl rings are optionally substituted with 1-2 independent halogen, cyano,  $C_{1.4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1.4}$ alkoxy,  $-N(C_{0.4}$ alkyl)( $C_{0.4}$ alkyl),  $-SO_2C_{1.4}$ alkyl,  $-SO_2N(C_{0.4}$ alkyl)( $C_{0.4}$ alkyl), hydroxy, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, or trifluoromethyl substituents:

 $R^3 \ is \ hydrogen, -COOC_{0-4}alkyl, \ C_{1-4}alkoxy, \ C_{1-4}alkyl, \ arylC_{1-4}alkylthio-, -C_{0-4}alkylthio-, -C_{0-4}alkyltheterocycle, \ wherein any of the rings is optionally substituted with 1-3 independent halogen, cyano, $C_{1-4}alkyl$, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, -C_{0-4}alkylNHC(O)O(C_{1-4}alkyl), -C_{0-4}alkylNHC(O)O(C_{1-4}alkyl), -C_{0-4}alkylNHC(O)N(R^{10})_2, -C_{1-4}alkoxyC_{0-4}alkyl-, -COOC_{0-4}alkyl, -C_{0-4}alkylNHC(O)N(R^{10})_2, -C_{1-4}alkoxyC_{1-4}alkoxy, \ hydroxyC_{0-4}alkyl, -NHSO_2R^{10}, -SO_2(C_{1-4}alkyl), -SO_3NR^{11}R^{12}. 5- to 6-membered heterocyclyl, phenylC_{0-2}alkoxy, or phenylC_{0-2}alkoxy, or phenylC_{0-2}alkoxy, or phenylC_{0-2}alkoxy. The content of the content$ 

2alkyl substituents, wherein phenyl is optionally substituted with 1-2 independent halogen, cyano,  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ alkoxy,  $-N(C_{0-4}$ alkyl)( $C_{0-4}$ alkyl),  $-SO_2C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $-SO_2N(C_{0-4}$ alkyl)( $C_{0-4}$ alkyl), hydroxy, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl or trifluoromethyl substituents, or two bonds on a ring carbon of the heterocyclyl optionally can form an oxo (=0) substituent;

or  $R^3$  is  $-NR^4(-C_{0.4}alkvlR^5)$ :

 $R^4$  is  $C_{0.3}$ alkyl,  $-C_{2.3}$ alkyl-NR $^7R^8$ ,  $C_{3.6}$ cycloalkyl optionally substituted by hydroxy $C_{0.4}$ alkyl- further optionally substituted by hydroxy,  $C_{1.2}$ alkoxy $C_{2.4}$ alkyl-, or  $C_{1.2}$ alkyl- $S(O)_n$ - $C_{2.3}$ alkyl-;

n is 0, 1, or 2;

 $R^5$  is hydrogen, hydroxy $C_{2-3}$ alkyl-,  $C_{1-2}$ alkoxy $C_{0-4}$ alkyl, or aryl, hetaryl, or heterocyclyl;

wherein a heterocyclic nitrogen-containing  $R^5$  ring optionally is mono-substituted on the ring nitrogen with  $C_{14}$ alkyl, benzyl, benzyl,  $C_{14}$ alkyl-C(O)—,  $-SO_2C_{14}$ alkyl, —  $SO_2N(C_{04}$ alkyl),  $C_{04}$ alkyl),  $C_{14}$ alkoxycarbonyl, or aryl( $C_{14}$ alkoxy)carbonyl; and wherein the  $R^5$  rings are optionally mono-substituted on a ring carbon with halogen, cyano,  $C_{14}$ alkyl-C(O)—,  $C_{14}$ alkyl- $SO_2$ —,  $C_{14}$ alkyl,  $C_{14}$ alkoxy, hydroxy,  $-N(C_{04}$ alkyl), hydroxy $C_{04}$ alkyl—or  $C_{04}$ alkyl-amoyl—, provided that no quaternised nitrogen is included; or two bonds on a ring carbon of the heterocycle optionally can form an oxo (=0) substituent:

R<sup>6</sup> is C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, aryl or hetaryl;

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are independently Co4alkyl, C36cycloalkyl or CO(C14alkyl);

R9 is C1-4alkyl or C3-6cycloalkyl;

R<sup>10</sup> is C<sub>0.4</sub>alkyl or C<sub>3.6</sub>cycloalkyl;

 $R^{11}$  and  $R^{12}$  are independently  $C_{0.4}$ alkyl or together with the nitrogen to which they are attached may form a 4- to 6-membered heterocycle; and

n is 0, 1 or 2; and

provided there are no nitrogen-oxygen, nitrogen-nitrogen, oxygen-oxygen or nitrogen-halogen bonds in the grouping -Y-Z-R<sup>3</sup>; and

provided that when -Y-Z- represents -C(O)-, -C(NH)-, -C(O)- $C_{1-4}$ alkylene, -C(NH)- $C_{1-4}$ alkylene, -C(O)-NR-, -C(NH)-NR-, -C(O)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>NR-, or -C(NH)-

(CH<sub>2)m</sub>NR-, then R<sup>3</sup> is not optionally substituted C<sub>3-10</sub>cycloalkyl, G<sub>5-10</sub>eyeloalkenyl, phenyl, naphthyl, pyridyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, triazolyl, thiazolyl, furanyl, thiophenyl, pyrrolyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, indolyl, benzo[1,3]dioxol, thieno[2,3-b]pyrrolyl, or thieno[3,2-b]pyrrolyl;

and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

Claim 2. Cancelled.

Claim 3-14 Previously Cancelled

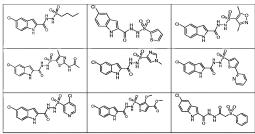
Claim 15. (Currently Amended) A <u>pharmaceutical composition eempound</u> according to claim 1, or a <u>pharmaceutically acceptable-salt thereof</u>, wherein Z is C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylene, oxygen, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>O-, -NR- or a bond.

Claims 16-18. Cancelled

Claim 19. (Currently Amended) A <u>pharmaceutical composition eempound</u> according to claim 18, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein one of  $R^1$  and  $R^{1'}$  is hydrogen and the other is 5-chloro.

Claim 20. (Currently Amended) A <u>pharmaceutical composition</u> empound according to claim  $1_7$  or a <u>pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof</u>, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is hydrogen.

Claim 21. (Previously Presented) A compound selected from



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 22. (Previously Presented) A compound selected from

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or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 23. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to claim 21 or 22, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

Claim 24. (Withdrawn) A method for the treatment of a disease or condition in which glycogen phosphorylase plays a role comprising a step of administering to a subject in need thereof an effective amount of a compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 25. (Withdrawn) A method for the treatment of hyperglycemia or diabetes comprising a step of administering to a subject in need thereof an effective amount of a compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 26. (Withdrawn) A method for the prevention of diabetes in a human demonstrating pre-diabetic hyperglycemia or impaired glucose tolerance comprising a step of administering to a subject in need thereof an effective prophylactic amount of a compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 27. (Withdrawn) A method for the treatment of hypercholesterolemia, hyperinsulinemia, hyperlipidemia, hypertension, atherosclerosis or tissue ischemia comprising a step of administering to a subject in need thereof an effective amount of a compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.